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THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freshest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE.——*Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

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COPENHAGEN, *January* 25.

THE new Chamberlain Bergenſkiold is ordered to quit this City, and go to Wardinberg. Counſellor Nielſon, and the diſmiſſed Lieutenant Struenſee, have each received two Hundred Rixdollars, with Orders to quit this Kingdom. The Chamber of the Police has publiſhed an Order, "that all Trades People keep their Children, Apprentices, and Families, at home on the 28th and 29th Inſtant, being the Birth Days of the King and Prince Royal; and the Inhabitants are alſo forbidden to illuminate, or make any open Demonſtrations of Joy, on thoſe Days.

February 1. The Commiſſioners appointed to carry on the Proceſs againſt the Priſoners of State, ſit daily at the Palace of Chriſtianbourg, from nine o'Clock in the Morning till four in the Afternoon. The Day after to-morrow Count Struenſee will be brought before them, for the firſt Time, to be interrogated.

Captain Duvil, who had been diſmiſſed with Orders not to return again into the King's Dominions, having cleared himſelf of all Suſpicions, hath obtained, by way of Recompence, a Company in the Regiment of Bornholm.

NAPLES, *January* 26. "The Air of this Place ſeems to have a favourable Influence on his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Gloucester's Health, who walks out daily.

HANOVER, *February* 10. The following Letter is juſt received here from Hamburgh: "According to the laſt Advices from Copenhagen, Count Struenſee and his Brother, with Count Brandt, and Profeſſor Carſtenſen, continue full to be treated with the greateſt Rigour, ſo that their Legs and Arms are extraordinary ſtrong; they have large Irons to their Necks, which are faſtened to the Wall.

"The Queen Dowager, inhabiting in the Caſtle of Kronenbourg, lives and has all the neceſſary Apartments there convenient for her Majeſty. Such a Diſpoſition for Mutiny appears among the People, and eſpecially among the Soldiery, that the Officers have been obliged to make Uſe of Force in order to diſperſe them, in Conſequence of which ſome were wounded."

AMSTERDAM, *February* 3. By the laſt Letters from Denmark we learn that the Queen, who is confined at Kronenbourg, keeps her Health, and enjoys tolerable good Spirits. The Queen Dowager carries every Day a Purſe to her Majeſty, wherein Counts Struenſee and Brandt are allowed a Dollar a Day for their Subſiſtence, and they are ſo ſcanty that they have ſaved themſelves.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *January* 3. Freſh Advices received from the Grand Vizier's Army bring ſtill new Misfortunes, which have occaſioned freſh Conferences between his Highneſs, his Miniſters, and the Ulemas.

The general Report here is that the Ruſſians, to the Number of eighteen Thouſand, have attacked and defeated, near Siliſtria, a Body of forty Thouſand Turks commanded by the Grand Vizier Moggzom Zade, and Grand Pacha. It is ſaid likewiſe that ſome of their Shipping have entered the Port of Sedroſky, and burnt there ſeveral Veſſels which were upon the Stocks.

Another Account ſays that the Turks were commanded by four Pachas, and not the Grand Vizier; and that in Conſequence of this Defeat Orders were ſent to the Grand Vizier to conclude Peace immediately with the Ruſſians upon any Terms he could, but it was not known whether he had done ſo.

The Porte has publiſhed a general Pardon in Favour of all its Subjects who have taken up Arms againſt it, not excepting even thoſe who follow the Rebel Standard.

LONDON, *January* 21.

A GENTLEMAN obſerved at a Coffeehouſe, on reading a certain Royal Speech that it was the worſt written, but carried the beſt Meaning in it of any that has ever yet been publiſhed; for, continued he, no Miniſter would have aſked for large Supplies with a much better Grace than our gracious Sovereign tells us that he has no Demands whatever upon his Subjects.

Another Correſpondent obſerves, that however the intended Patriots may carp at the Royal Speech of Tueſday laſt, he ſays it muſt give every Britiſh Heart unſpeakable Satisfaction, and therefore adviſes us to remember nothing but the Intelligence which it communicates to the Publick.

On Friday laſt the Right Honourable Lord Sandwich, accompanied by ſeveral Lords of the Admiralty, went on Board the Reſolution Man of War in Deptford Dock, to ſee an Experiment made of a Machine which was fixed in the ſaid Ship for the Purpoſe of making Sea Water freſh, and after baking Biſcuit and dreſſing different Kinds of Proviſions many Days, by Means of but one ſmall Fire, which anſwered to Admiration, Lord Sandwich eat Part of a Biſcuit that was baked and ſome Proviſions of different Sorts were dreſſed for the Ship's Crew. It is the Invention of a Gentleman at Chelſea, who obtained a Patent for it ſix Months ſince.

The Duke of Cumberland is a very remarkable Inſtance of conjugal Affection in theſe diſſipated Times, and has entirely left the Turf becauſe its Amuſement was of a Nature in which it was impoſſible for the Dutcheſs to participate.

Notwithſtanding the Duke of Cumberland has parted with his running Horſes, it is ſaid he will keep his beſt Horſe, which we are aſſured is the King's Mare.

February 25. The moſt ſenſible Members of the Houſe of Commons wiſh for a golden Seſſion this Winter, that is, for a Number of very falutary Laws; and as Government has now no Oppoſition, it muſt be through the Fault of the Miniſtry if the Friends of their Country are diſappointed in their Expectations.

At a Court of Common Council held yeſterday at Guildhall, the Livery proceeded to the adjourned Buſineſs of the laſt Court; and firſt, the Recommendation from the Livery to preſent the late Lord Mayor with a Silver Cup of two Hundred Pounds Value, and the Aldermen with one of a Hundred Pounds each. This Queſtion being then put, was carried by a conſiderable Majority, and the Lord Mayor was deſired to provide the Cups. Mr. Alderman Oliver voted for the Amendment, and after the Queſtion was carried, in a very genteel Speech thanked the Court for the great Honour they had done him, and that he deſired his Cup might be depoſited with the City Plate. Mr. Wilkes alſo thanked the Court, and told them that though Silver and Gold he did not much eſteem, yet he was much obliged to them for this Mark of their Favour, and that he ſhould keep the Cup himſelf.

February 8. The Queen of Denmark has not only grown very fat ſince her Marriage, as ſome of the publick Prints have obſerved, but has fallen into a Kind of Somnolency, ſeemingly inconſiſtent with the Spirit of Gallantry. There is an elegant Theatre in the Court, where French Plays are exhibited gratis twice a Week, and where the Royal Family uſually attend under a magnificent Canopy; yet here her Majeſty frequently falls faſt aſleep in the full View of the whole Audience, and, if Struenſee, who commonly ſtood behind her Chair, ſhe would open her Eyes, and return to her former Situation.

Struenſee, the Phyſician, has not practiſed in that Capacity ſince his Elevation to the firſt Order of Nobility, but acted chiefly as Prime Miniſter to the King; he generally dined at the Royal Table, and was publickly ſeen walking for a Quarter of an Hour with his Miſtreſs that ſhe uſed to lean on his Arm in the Royal Peregrination through the Gardens of the Palace.

It is ſeriouſly reported at the weſt End of the Town that a Motion will be made relative to the late Affair at Denmark, particularly with Reſpect to the Manner of Treatment of the Queen.

A northern Princeſs ſuckles her laſt Child herſelf, but it is ſaid treats the firſt with a Degree of Negligence bordering upon Cruelty. This is at leaſt the popular Report through her Huſband's Metropolis, and hence the Voice of Scandal has proceeded to affirm that the Children are by different Fathers.

Mrs. Wyndymore, who died in Emanuel Hoſpital on Wedneſday Night, was Couſin to Mary Queen of William III. as well as to Queen Anne. Strange Revolution of Fortune! that the Couſin of two Queens ſhould for fifty Years be ſupported by Charity.

Great Wagers are likewiſe laid that the above Affair will involve this Kingdom in a War.

A Report prevailed laſt Night, and this Morning, that Advice is received of the Death of the Empreſs Queen of Hungary.

Advice is received from Copenhagen that on the Night the Revolt happened the French Ambaſſadour did not appear at the Ball, but was in ſtrict Conference with the Queen Dowager's Party at his own Houſe; which makes him ſo ſuſpected that he cannot ſtir out without a Guard, for Fear of being deſtroyed by the Populace.

Captain Sutherland is gone out of the Army on Half Pay.

February 12. Laſt Night an Expreſs was received from Colonel Keith, Ambaſſadour at Copenhagen, and this Morning a Cabinet Council was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall. There is a Report current that he is confined by Order of the Regency there; but as ſuch a Step would ſhow the greateſt Degree of Impreſidence, it gains but little Credit.

The Queen of Denmark was pregnant at the Time of the late Revolution at Copenhagen, and a Report is current that ſhe has ſince miſcarried, and that her Health was in a very precarious Situation when the laſt Deſpatches were ſent off.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, *January* 22.

"The Houſehold of the Queen Matilda ſet out the Day before yeſterday for Kronenbourg, except three Ladies, who were diſcharged. On Saturday the King went to the Opera. On Sunday his Majeſty was at the Chapel Royal to hear divine Service, and that Day all was quiet; next Day there was a Diverſion with Sledges."

The King of Denmark, we hear, has ſent his Majeſty private Advice that he had no other Way to ſave the Queen's Life but by conſenting to her Impriſonment. The Daniſh Monarch has not obtained a ſafe Channel for correſponding explicitly with England; and this, we hear, is the Reaſon why no Accounts are publiſhed in London by Authority.

A Rupture with the Danes many ſenſible People now imagine to be almoſt unavoidable; and as the Electorate of Hanover now lies quite contiguous to ſome Parts of Denmark, Orders have been ſent, we are told, to the Hanoverian Commander in Chief to march a powerful Force towards thoſe Vicinages, to act upon the very firſt Emergency.

The Danes ſeem as if apprehenſive of a ſpeedy Rupture, for they are diligently increaſing their Land Forces, and fortifying Copenhagen on the Sea Side with ſuch additional Forces as muſt make it dangerous to bear down a Squadron upon their Capital.

The Pruſſian Forces are ſaid to be under marching Orders, and the Frequency of Reviews among the Imperial Troops indicate together that Something is rotten in the State of Denmark, and very near deſtroying the publick Tranquillity of Europe.

A Correſpondent ſays it may be depended on that the Court of Copenhagen has made no Refuſal of the Queen Caroline Matilda returning to England, and that a Yacht will be ſent for her early in April.

Should the Queen Conſort of Denmark be even indulged with a Trial, conſiderate People ſee no Advantage whatever accruing to her Majeſty from that Circumſtance, as her Judges will be compoſed entirely of her Enemies, and muſt certainly ſign a Warrant for their own Death unleſs they order her to Execution.

The Marriage ſaid to be in Agitation between Prince Frederick of Denmark, and the King of Pruſſia's Niece, a Daughter of Sweden, furniſhes ſuch a Clue to the political Labyrinth as will poſſibly ſoon lead the Publick out of their preſent Maze of Perplexities.

The Aſſertion ſo confidently made, in ſome of our Newſpapers, relative to an Order for ſtopping the Daniſh homeward bound Weſt Indiamen, and iſſued from our Admiralty Office, is certainly premature, as no violent Meaſures will be adopted till there is unqueſtionable Ground for the Commencement of Hoſtilities.

Nothing can ſet the Affair of continental Marriages with the Royal Family of England in ſo ſtrong a Point of View as the preſent unhappy Situation of Denmark. We married his Majeſty's Siſter to the King, and are now probably on the Eve of a bloody War to revenge Injuries; whereas, had ſhe married into a private Family at home, we ſhould not only avoided a Rupture with our Neighbours, but poſſeſſed the amiable Princeſs for whoſe Life we now tremble with the greateſt Anxiety.

It is ſaid that his Majeſty before he quitted Carlton Houſe on Saturday was pleaſed to order that all the Servants belonging to his late Mother ſhould continue to receive their uſual Salaries until he ſhall provide for them.

The Houſehold Surgeons began embalming the Body of the Princeſs of Wales on Saturday, in the Afternoon.

It is ſaid that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland was ſent for on Friday Evening to take Leave of his Mother, but was ſo affected at the Meſſage that he could not go, and at the News of her Death was taken very ill.

Yeſterday her Grace the Dutcheſs of Argyle, and Lord Willoughby, the Lady and Lord in Waiting, ſat in the Preſence Chamber at St. James's, to receive the Compliments of Condolance from the Nobility to their Majeſties, the Pages attending with Books for that Purpoſe to enter all their Names. The ſame Ceremony was uſed at the Princeſs of Brunſwick's Houſe, in Pall Mall.

Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Houſe of Peers voted an Addreſs of Condolance to their Majeſties, to be preſented by the Lords with white Staves; as did the Honourable Houſe of Commons on the ſame Occaſion, to be preſented by ſuch Members as are of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council.

What little the Princeſs Dowager's numerous Charities left her to beſtow, it is generally imagined ſhe has bequeathed to the Princeſs of Brunſwick. Her Diamonds, however, many think her only Wealth; and theſe are Articles which Royalty cannot properly convert into Money, like thoſe who are placed in humbler Situations.

The remains of the late Princeſs Dowager of Wales were laſt Night ſolldered up in the leaden Coffin, and on Thurſday will be put in two other Coffins, the one Elm, the other Cedar, for the Outſide, which laſt is to be covered with Crimſon Velvet and Cornets, and on Friday Evening to be carried in a Hearſe and eſcorted by a Party of Horſe Guards to the Prince's Chamber, and depoſited in Henry the ſeventh's Chapel.

Yeſterday her Grace the Dutcheſs of Northumberland paid a Viſit to her Majeſty at the Queen's Houſe, in a private Manner, attended only by two Footmen.

By our Letters of the 18th of January from Warſaw we learn that the Wife of the Miller who had the good Fortune to lodge his Poliſh Majeſty in his homely Hut is brought to Bed of a Son, and that as ſoon as it was known at Court his Majeſty ordered the Counteſs of Ogintſki, and another Lady of high Rank, to bring the Child to the King's Palace, when and where his Majeſty, and the Biſhop of Cujavien, were Witneſſes to its Baptiſm; on which Occaſion a Preſent of one Hundred Ducats was made to its Mother, and the Child itſelf was ordered to be left at Court, under his Majeſty's Protection.

February 14. Laſt Night ſome Inſtructions of a very ſecret Nature, under the Great Seal, were ſent off to the Britiſh Ambaſſadour at a northern Court.

It is looked upon as certain that a Ruſſian Army of ſixty Thouſand Men will enter Poland by the firſt of May.

It is believed, by the deepeſt Politicians, that the whole Nation will be in Flames before the End of July, as every Tendency to a Peace between the Ruſſians and the Porte is vaniſhed.

By his Majeſty's Ship's Florida, arrived at Spithead, a Letter has been received from Captain Burr, of his Majeſty's Sloop the Hound, dated at Port Egmont, in Falkland's Iſland, the 10th of November laſt, giving an Account that in the preceding Month two Spaniſh Veſſels had arrived there with ſuch Artillery, Stores, &c. which could not be refuſed to Captain Stott at the Surrender of the Iſland; and that a Spaniſh Commodore appointed for the Purpoſe had delivered them to Captain Burr, with the greateſt Punctuality and Exactneſs.

Her Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias [illegible] Admiral Greigh has done the Honour to ſend him a very large and [illegible] Medal, in Commemoration of the burning the Ottoman Fleet at Chiſme.

February 19. A Letter from Warſaw ſays: "The Pruſſian Troops in this Kingdom have received Orders to act openly againſt the Confederates, on Account of the latter's having had the Audacity to cut in Pieces forty of their Men.

Extract of a genuine Letter from Bilboa, *January* 28.

"All is in Confuſion on this Side the Iſle of Zeeland, and the Pruſſian Troops are in Motion at Stockholm on the oppoſite Shore. The Queen is confined at Kronenbourg, and is ſaid to be exceedingly ill. God grant all may end well. French Politics have prevailed; and we are aſſured the King has ſigned a new Treaty with the Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty and Sweden, no Way to the Advantage of the Commerce of Great Britain. The publick Opinion is that the Britiſh Court will be declared an Enemy, and the King's Half Brother ſucceſſour to the Throne. Count Guildenſtiern is [illegible] and the common People have committed [illegible] on the Houſes of ſome of the Perſons connected with the late Adminiſtration. A Report has juſt been circulated that the Counſellors of Copenhagen have taken Arms and oppoſed the new Council, and that great Numbers of them have been deſtroyed by the Soldiery.

According to the laſt Letters from Copenhagen, the ſtrictſt Secrecy is obſerved with Reſpect to the Motives of the late Revolution, and the Manifeſto upon that Subject is not to be publiſhed [illegible] the Trial of the Priſoners, which will be with as much Expedition as the Nature of the Thing will admit of. Thoſe Letters add, that notwithſtanding the pretended Diſintereſtedneſs of the Count de Struenſee in Regard to Money, he has accumulated, within a very few Years, upwards of a Million Daniſh Crowns.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, *February* 2.

"We have received Advice from Berlin that the King of Pruſſia is ſecretly taking great Pains to procure an honourable and ſuitable Match for his Niece the Princeſs Sophia Albertina of Sweden, and that he has his Eye upon the King of Poland, and this Alliance would be a Means of reſtoring the Tranquility of that Kingdom. It is even ſaid that his Pruſſian Majeſty has made Overtures upon this Subject to the Poliſh Monarch."

The laſt Letters from Madrid adviſe that the King of Spain having been informed that Meſſieurs Babie, a French Houſe at Cadiz, failed lately for upwards of one Million four Hundred Thouſand Piaſtres, and that there is great Reaſon to apprehend ſome more Failures in Conſequence of the above in other trading Cities in that Kingdom, his Catholick Majeſty immediately ordered an Embargo to be laid on all French Ships then at Cadiz, and ſeemed then determined not to permit Foreigners to ſettle as Merchants there for the future. Theſe Letters add, that the King of Spain having diſcovered that his Confeſſor held a ſecret Correſpondence with the Jeſuits, notwithſtanding his Majeſty's expreſs Orders to the contrary, has not only diſmiſſed him, but has cauſed him to be arreſted, and it is thought will bring him to a publick Trial.

February 18. We have the Pleaſure to aſſure the Publick that the Report reſpecting the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is untrue. From what Circumſtance this Report took its Riſe is unknown, but it is certain that it was univerſally credited, and that a Gentleman who came from Windſor on Saturday Morning laſt, and whoſe Veracity it was generally thought might be entirely relied on, aſſerted that the melancholy Event, to his certain Knowledge, was too true.

The Report of the Duke's Death was ſo confident that even on Saturday Morning many of the Officers in Waiting at St. James's were in Doubt about the Truth, and only conjectured, from the Circumſtance of there being a Court that Day, that it had no Foundation in Reality.

It is ſaid that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Brunſwick offered to pay the laſt Tribute of Affection to her deceaſed Mother as chief Mourner at the Funeral, and his Majeſty was deſirous of indulging his Siſter's Inclinations; but it being ſuggeſted to her Royal Highneſs that ſhe might not be able to ſupport ſuch an affecting Situation, ſhe prudently declined it.

The Affliction that ſurrounds the Throne, from various Quarters, has inſpired even Junius with Humanity; for we are informed that after he had wrote a very ſtinging Letter to a great Perſonage, concerning the Conduct of his Relations, he relented, and inſtead of ſending it to the Preſs committed it to the Flames.

The Princeſs Dowager, ſome Time before her Death, made a Preſent to her Majeſty of the Diamonds and Jewels ſhe wore at his Majeſty's Coronation, and to his Majeſty ſhe gave the large Table Diamond Ring which her Royal Conſort, his Father, uſed to wear.

One of the Princeſſes of Pruſſia has been already formally demanded for Prince Frederick, and it would be beneath her Dignity to be any Thing leſs than the Queen of Denmark.

A Pruſſian Ambaſſadour Extraordinary is on his Way to Paris.

It is now beyond all Doubt that a certain northern Hero is at the Bottom of the late Revolution in Denmark.

Yeſterday an eminent Houſe in London received an Expreſs from Madrid, with the News that his Catholick Majeſty's Ship of War the Caſtle and the Juno had, in November laſt, both foundered at Sea in the Bay near La Vera Cruz; that one of theſe Ships had on Board a great Quantity of Spice, and that the other had on Board four Thouſand three Hundred Bags of Cochineal, of which three Thouſand Bags had been ſaved with ſome little Damage, but the remaining one Thouſand three Hundred Bags, it is apprehended, would be entirely loſt. This News had ſo inſtantaneous an Effect upon the Change that Cochineal was ſold at one Pound ten, one Pound eleven, and one Pound twelve Shillings.

A Letter from Copenhagen, dated the 29th of laſt Month, ſays: "The Counſellor Struenſee continues in Irons, but his Hands are at Liberty, and he frequently plays at Cheſs with the Officer that has the Charge of him. He is to be interrogated to-morrow, for the firſt Time, by the Commiſſioners appointed to try the State Priſoners."

Extract of a Letter from Dover, *February* 19.

"This Morning, at nine o'Clock, her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Brunſwick went on Board one of the Rye Boats belonging to Meſſieurs Manet and Pactor, which ſailed immediately for Calais. Her Royal Highneſs was ſaluted by the Caſtle, Forts, and Veſſels in the Harbour. Her Royal Highneſs is juſt now (two o'Clock) landing at Calais, as the Cannon are heard to ſalute at that Place."

It is ſaid that this Morning Lord Sandwich and Sir Edward Hawke were ſent for by his Majeſty to the Queen's Palace, where they had a Conference with him.

It is ſaid that there are now ſeveral Men of War lying off Portſmouth that have received Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs for an important Expedition, the Particulars of which will ſoon be made publick.

Monday Advices were received at St. James's from Sir Joseph Yorke, his Majesty's Ambassadour at the Hague, said to contain some important Advices; they were taken under Consideration by the Privy Council on Tuesday.

The Dutch, it is reported, are making Preparations which seem to indicate an Intention of taking an active Part in continental Affairs, if a general Rupture (as is expected) should be the Consequence of some northern Commotions.

A Letter from Berlin mentions that the Forces of that Kingdom, at this present Time, consist of two Hundred and fifty Thousand Men.

We are informed that the Right Honourable the Lords Mansfield and Camden have formed a most excellent Scheme for the Benefit of both Debtor and Creditor, which will shortly be laid before the Parliament.

A few Mornings ago Mr. Wilkes was observed walking in a very melancholy Manner in the Bird Cage Walk, St. James's Park. A Dispute between Doctor Wilson and the Patriot is supposed to have stopped the Circulation of the Cash, and to have thrown the Sheriff into the disagreeable Dilemma of concerting Ways and Means for raising the necessary Supplies.

On Sunday last a most affecting Sermon, upon the peculiar Situation of the Royal Family, was preached at Queen Street Chapel, from the following Words: "Father, if thou be willing, remove this Cup from me; nevertheless, not my Will, but thine, be done." The Preacher took Occasion to introduce the Affliction of the Royal Family in so pathetick a Strain as to draw Tears from the whole Audience.

That some Changes of a political Nature have taken Place in the Court of Copenhagen is a Circumstance notoriously known to Europe, but the secret Spring of these Changes is still confined to Denmark, or has not at least been communicated with any Certainty to the People of England.

At a Court of Common Council, held at Guildhall this Day, a Motion was made that the Lord Mayor be requested to call a Common Hall for the Purpose of instructing the City Representatives to support the intended Motion of Mr. Alderman Sawbridge in the House of Commons respecting triennial Parliaments; when, after long Debates, his Lordship absolutely refused to call a Hall. The Court then referred the Question, "Whether the Common Council have not a Right to insist that the Lord Mayor shall call a Common Hall on their Requisition," to the Consideration of the Committee who are intrusted with the Prosecutions against the Companies for disobeying the Mayor's Precept; and it was also recommended to them to search for Precedents, and report them as soon as possible. It was also ordered, if his Lordship should not be satisfied with the Report of the said Committee, that the Court would immediately issue their own Precept, which they are authorized to do by an Act of Common Council passed in the Year 1748.

A Letter from Mr. Adair, Surgeon General, which arrived from Naples on Saturday, gives a very flattering Account of the State of his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester's Health. The stony Concretions which he threw up from the Lungs have ceased to appear, and his Pulse was firmer, and less intermitting, when the Post came away, than it has been since the Arrival of Doctor Jebb and Mr. Adair.

Letters from Leghorn advise that a smart Engagement had happened between a Russian Frigat of twenty six Guns and a Danish Ship of the same Force, in which the latter blew up, and the Russians narrowly escaped the same Fate.

It is looked upon as certain that a Prussian Army of sixty Thousand Men will enter Poland by the first of May.

Letters from Aleppo, of the 17th of November, assert that an Earthquake has happened in the Desert, which overturned all the stately Ruins of Balbec. The Earth opened in different Places, and has disclosed a vast Variety of Catacombs full of Stone Coffins, with Inscriptions in great Preservation, many of which have been exactly taken on the Spot, and are sent to England to be deciphered by the Antiquaries.

February 19. Yesterday the Right Honourable Lord North acquainted the House that he had a Message from his Majesty, which was read by Mr. Speaker, and is as follows:

GEORGE R.

His Majesty being desirous, from paternal Affection to his own Family, and anxious Concern for the future Welfare of his People, and the Honour and Dignity of his Crown, that the Right of approving all Marriages in the Royal Family, which ever has belonged to the Kings of this Realm, as a Matter of publick Concern) may be made effectual, recommends to both Houses of Parliament to take into their serious Consideration whether it may not be wise and expedient to supply the Defect of the Laws now in force, and by some new Provision more effectually to guard the Descendants of his late Majesty King George II. (other than the Issue of Princesses who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign Families) from marrying without the Approbation of his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successours, first had and obtained.

An humble Address was resolved to be presented to his Majesty, to return his Majesty the humble Thanks of the House for his most gracious Message, and to assure his Majesty that they will not fail to take his Majesty's Message into their most serious Consideration. The said Message ordered to be taken into Consideration this Day, and they afterwards desired.

The Empress of Russia, safe in the Inaccessibleness of her Dominions, has declared that she will not accept of the Mediation of any other Power in settling a Peace with the Porte. She declared to Prince Lobkowitz, the Imperial Ambassadour, that though she wished to live on good Terms with his Court, yet she did not understand what Right they had to prescribe Terms to a Nation which has always been, and must continue, independent of every other Power; that it was unprecedented in the Court of Vienna to propose to reap Advantage from a War in which they had taken no Part; and as for her own Part, she would never consent to a Measure which would rob her of her just Renown, which her Arms had acquired.

The Policy of the Marattoes has rendered a War with the Company necessary, it being an established Maxim with them that without an Acknowledgment is paid for Peace to be quiet is a Mark of Fear.

It is supposed that before this Time the Portuguese are driven out of Goa. They, however, may re establish themselves, by paying an annual Tribute.

The Coolies of Gutzaret have defeated Major Kee, sent against them by the Presidency of Bombay.

It is thought that more Stock, especially of India, will be in the Market by Saturday next than has been known for many Years, in one Day.

Letters from India mention that the Marattoes, in the Month of August last, delivered the pretended Mogul Emperour of Dehli from the Hands of his Viziar, who had shut him up in his Citadel. The Government of the Jates is annihilated, and that People have become Subjects to the Marattoes.

February 21. It is thought that the Admission of the new Commissioners of the Revenue in Ireland will occasion a Dissolution of their Parliament, otherwise the Court Party may be out-voted in every Question.

It is said that it is now under Consideration to compel the Council of Grenada to admit the Roman Catholicks into the Council, which is contrary to Law, and will be opposed with Spirit.

The late Step of the King of Denmark's delivering over his Son to the Queen Dowager, it is thought, will be of fatal Consequences. The Ends of the Party, it is supposed, will be completed before the Ice is broke which now blocks up the Harbour of Copenhagen.

The Refusal of the Lord Mayor of London to call a Common Hall, for instructing their Members to support Mr. Sawbridge's Motion for triennial Parliaments, make a great Noise. The Livery threaten to go down in a Body to the House of Commons the 24th, the Day on which the Motion is to be made.

It is said that a Motion is intended to be made in the House of Commons, very soon, for opening the Ports for the free Importation of such Articles of Life as bear more than a moderate Price.

Accounts from Nottinghamshire mention the Floods being greater, and the Waters higher, than has been known in the Memory of the oldest Man living. The Duke and Dutchess of Kingston, and divers Persons of Distinction, have been stopped upon their journey to Town.

To such a low Pitch has the Interest of Great Britain that her Majesty has consented to receive a Subsidy from the Marattoes, for the Use of three Regiments from Madras, to discipline their Infantry.

This Morning a Messenger arrived from Copenhagen, and a Council was summoned to meet directly, when all the great Officers of State attended.

On Tuesday died, at his House upon Great Tower Hill, John Stewart, Esquire, an eminent Virginia and West India Merchant.

We are told that the Distress of a great Family at the west End of the Town has much abated since the Arrival of the last Advices from Copenhagen.

An Extract from Doct. Gordon's SERMON *upon the Cause and Consequences of evil speaking against Governours, preached before the University of* Cambridge.

"By Means of certain ingenious Refinements, indeed our Laws have lost their Weight. They have been strained, and pulled so much towards the Side of Freedom that there is not Force enough left in them to correct Offences. Our Patriots, through their Zeal in Favour of good Men (in which, to do them Justice, they appear perfectly disinterested, if possibly hereafter some of that Character might be affected by it, have rendered all Authority nervless against the bad; whilst even our Juries, those great Bulwarks of English Liberty, have been carefully instructed to attend rather to the Consequences of their Verdict upon the Liberty of the Subject than its Relation to either Equity or Justice, and the greatest Security to every peaceful Man at present for the quiet Possession of his Life and Property may seem to lie in that Power which looks least favourable to civil Liberty. May Faction never occasion the Use of it to be applied to other Purposes."

Monday Night was opened, for the first Time, the much talked of Receptacle of fashionable Pleasure, the Pantheon, to a crowded Company of between fifteen Hundred and two Thousand People. Imagination cannot well surpass the Elegance and Magnificence of the Apartments, the Boldness of the Paintings, or the Disposition of the Lights, which last are reflected from gilt Vases suspended by gilt Chains. Besides a Number of Ornaments that decorate the Rotunda, or great Room, there is a Number of Statues in Niches below the Dome representing most of the Heathen Gods and Goddesses, supposed to be in the ancient Pantheon of Rome. To these are added three more of white Porphyry, the two first representing the present King and Queen, the last Britannia. The Whole is composed of a Suite of fourteen Rooms, all of which are adapted to particular Uses, and each affording a striking Instance of the Splendour and Profusion of modern Times. In Point of Consequence, the Company were an Olio of all Sorts; Peers, Peeresses, Honourables, Jew Brokers, Demireps, Lottery Ensurers, and Quack Doctors.

In a Letter addressed to Junius, the Writer says: "There evidently appears, at this Time, to be a deliberate Intention in a certain Class of Writers (among whom you, Junius, are confessedly the most distinguished) to render a Restraint upon the Liberty of the Press apparently necessary; but notwithstanding the Licentiousness with which that inestimable Bulwark of Freedom, religious as well as civil, hath of late been used, I hope neither the present nor any other future Ministry will ever attempt to fetter it. Whatever Truths it conveys to us must, in some Degree, tend to publick Utility; and the Falsehoods with which it so frequently teems, though they may be so, and are believed for a Season, must gradually lose their Effect, and finally terminate in the Disgrace of their Authors. May Contempt, therefore, be your and their sole Punishment; and may you never be prevented from sinking into Oblivion by any Species of Persecution from our Rulers. If they continue to do their Duty, the good Sense of the Nation will applaud and support them; nor need they, in that Case, to dread the Effects of any Opposition, much less the feeble Stings of anonymous Scribblers."

Thursday last died at Ophurst, near Litchfield, the Widow Clum, aged a Hundred and thirty eight Years, who had lived in one House a Hundred and three Years. She has left two Daughters and a Son, all upwards of a Hundred Years old.

We learn, by our Letters of the 17th of December from Constantinople, that several Russian Frigates have been lately seen in the Euxine or Black Sea, which have even fired upon some Turkish Ships there, and which latter had with great Difficulty escaped from the former. This Event having been authentically ascertained, and duly notified to the Marine Department in Constantinople, six Zebecks and four Gallies were immediately ordered out on a Cruise in the Black Sea, and particularly at the Mouth of it, for the Safety of the Castles called the Cayax. And in a Postscript to this Letter we have Advice that Ali Bey had taken by Storm the City of Scida (otherwise Sidon) in Syria, on the 26th of October, which he intends to make the capital Seat of his Government in all Syria, to which he invites all the Jews from every Quarter of the Globe to come and settle, promising them not only to have the free Exercise of their Religion, but also full Liberty of trading, and even an Admission into all the Departments of Government, as natural Members of the same. At Gaza, Damascus, and Aleppo, Ali Bey has an Army of sixty Thousand Men.

Though Mr. Charles Fox has pledged himself to move for a Repeal of the Marriage Act, we are informed that the matrimonial Laws will be made uncommonly strict with Respect to the Royal Family, and that all his Majesty's Posterity will be fettered in their Inclination because the Duke of Cumberland has exercised his Inconformity go less to Law than advantageously for the Kingdom. His Marriage neither calls for our Treasure nor our Blood, and a single War with Denmark (to say Nothing of Lives lost) will consume more Money than is requisite to make the most brilliant Establishments on his Line to the latest Generations.

The Person of Struensee, the Danish Favourite, has been much talked of in the Newspapers; we therefore think it necessary to acquaint our Readers that he is a Man about the middle Size, is under forty, and generally reckoned to be possessed of extraordinary Abilities.

GLASGOW, *February* 6. The Frost still continues, and for several Days past has been more intense than has been known since the Year 1740. Milk and Beer have been frozen in several Cellars in Town, and the Bottles broke to Pieces. The River Clyde is entirely frozen for many Miles, and the Merchants are now obliged to cart their Goods to Port Glasgow and Greenock. The Navigation of the River being shut up for these five Weeks past, must be a considerable Loss to the Contractors for levying the Tunnage, and the Mills in the Neighbourhood are all likewise stopped.

A Correspondent expresses his Surprise that no Mention is made of the Bankrupt Bill now preparing to be laid before the Parliament. It is a Matter of the greatest Consequence to North Britain, and should be published and sent to every Town in Scotland before it is applied for. It is of infinitely more Consequence than the Game Law, which so engrossed the Attention of most Counties, who have appointed Committees to meet upon this *weighty Affair, namely, the securing all the Hares and Partridges to themselves*, while the Property of the whole Country is left to be run away with by every *Rogue* who chooses to *pocket* their **Money**.

Advices from the South of Scotland mention the Fall of Snow as very deep, and that the Storemasters are obliged to feed their Sheep by the Hand.

Postscript of a Letter from Kilmun, *February* 4.

"A few Days ago the Wife of one White, in Glenmassan Parish, was safely delivered of three fine Boys at a Birth; who, notwithstanding the Severity of the Season, were soon after carried three Miles in Order to be baptised. They are stout Fellows, and all likely to do well. Such are the Effects of our Highland Air, Temperance, and Exercise."

February 20. We are happy to hear that the Commerce of this Country with the southern Part of this Island is now so favourable to us that the Bank of Scotland began to draw Bills on London for any Notes payable in Edinburgh at forty five Days Date, and we are now informed that the Banking Company of Douglass, Heron, and Company, are to draw Bills on London for all such Notes at forty Days Date. It is an old Observation, that Exchange is the true Barometer of Commerce, and to find it lower here than it has been for some Time past must give real Pleasure to every Lover of his Country.

February 27. They write from Greenock that the Brig Murders, Simon M'Donald Master, from St. John's, North America, in Ballast, was cast away on the Point of Towart the 12th Instant.

The Grounds being mostly covered with Snow for these two Months past, and the Frost still continuing, has obliged a Number of Graziers in the Parishes of Strathven and Kilbride to harrow their Grounds with Horses, to prevent their Cattle and Sheep from starving. A Gentleman in the Country writes that for several Days past an incredible Number of uncommon small Birds have been observed flying about in the Fields in large Bodies, consisting of twenty or thirty Thousand; and being struck with so uncommon an Appearance, he went out with his Gun and shot several of them. Their Legs and Feet are black, have a short thick Bill, and a white Tuft above each Ear; the utmost Feather of each Wing is white, Back and Breast of a Lark Colour, and about the same Size. It is supposed this severe Season has obliged them to leave their usual Place of Residence.

Orders have been sent to the several Ports of this Kingdom, from the Honourable Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, requiring an Account of the Number of Horses exported to foreign Parts since the Year 1750 inclusive, in Order to be laid before Parliament. It is much to be wished that a greater Duty were laid on all exported, the present One being only five Shillings for every Horse, Mare, or Gelding.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, *February* 14.

"We hear that the Revered Thomas Wilkinson, of Kirby, near this Town, hath invented a Perambulator which not only gives the Distances in Miles, Chains, and Links (with a little Trouble, at each Turning or Station) but draws a Plan of the Work at the same Time, on a Sort of plain Table, without the Help of Scale or Compasses."

From the ALARUM BELL of KINGS.

Newly written by the celebrated VOLTAIRE.

EUROPE shuddered with Horrour and Indignation at the Assassination of the King of Poland. The Blows he received have pierced every Heart. But what sovereign Power is there which endeavours to avenge him? Will it be the Holy Virgin, before whom these Assassins swore upon the Gospels, in the Hands of a Dominican, to murder the best and wisest Sovereign Poland ever had? Our Lady of Cicotochowa, indeed, works daily Miracles, but has not performed that of preventing the Designs of the Northern Colossus: hitherto our Lady of St. Petersburg is the only Ally who has watched over our and the Rights of the Throne. We see still, to the Shame of all the Christian Powers, Turkish Garrisons in the Polish Towns; and, without the real Miracles of the Russian Armies, the Ottomans would be at this Time in Warsaw.

The barbarous Tyrants of Constantinople, so often sullied with the Blood of their Brothers, and their Viziars, treat all the European Sovereigns as the old Romans formerly did the petty Princes of Cappadocia and Judea. They consider our Ambassadours as no more than Consuls for the Merchants.

When an Ambassadour is admitted to the Audience of the Grand Viziar, this Barbarian, lolling upon a Sopha, obliges him to sit down upon a little Stool, speaks only four Words to him, and then dismisses him; two Ushers take him by the Arms to make him turn round upon his Heel and bow before their Master, and the Servants hoot at and hiss him. At least it is not long ago since this this Ceremony was observed.

How does the same Ottoman Porte treat the Ministers of a State against which it intends to declare War? It begins by confining them in Prison. Thus Mustapha, now the reigning Sultan, ordered the Minister Plenipotentiary of Russia to be shut up in the Castle of the Seven Towers. This insolent Affront, offered to all Princes in the Person of this Minister, has been amply revenged by the Victories of the Count de Romanzoff, by the Fleets which came from the Extremity of the North to reduce the Ottoman Fleets to Ashes, in the Sight of Constantinople itself, under the Command of the Count d'Orloff, and by the Conquest of four Provinces, which the Princes Galitzin, Dolgorouski, and so many other illustrious Generals, have wrested from the Ottomans.

So many reiterated Exploits cry aloud to the rest of Europe, "Second us, and the Tyranny of the Turks is destroyed."

Our Posterity will one Day be unable to conceive that we have had this one only Opportunity, and yet have not made a proper Use of it; and if that famous Piaste, John Sobieski, that Vanquisher of the Ottomans, was to return into the World, what would he say to see his own Countrymen uniting with the Turks against his Successour?

The foolish Croisades lasted formerly about a Hundred Years, and now a wise Union of two or three Princes is impracticable? Millions of People went to perish in Syria and in Egypt, and we are afraid to suffer Constantinople to be taken, when Egypt itself stretches out its Arms to us; and this fatal Inaction is called Policy! True Policy is first to drive out the common Enemy. Leave to Time the Care of arming you hereafter against each other. You will never want Opportunities for cutting one another's Throats.

From the CONTEMPLATIVE MAN: *Or, the History of* CHRISTOPHER CRAB, *Esquire, of* NORTH WALES:

A Scene between the Parents of Christopher Crab, *who were People of very singular Dispositions, and Captain* Gorget, *a Gentleman of very amiable Qualities.*

OFIE, my Dear (says Mrs. Crab) as I am a Gentlewoman (an Expression she often used) you shock me beyond Measure. Swear before a Lady! one may easily guess what Sort of Company your Club consists of, and I am very glad to hear you are determined to go no more amongst them. But there is another Thing: I see you have got a Pipe, and that filthiest of all Weeds, Tobacco, before you; I hope, Mr. Crab, you do not think of smoking in my Parlour; if you must needs indulge yourself in this beastly Custom, do it in your Shop, for I cannot allow it here. Zounds, Madam (says Mr. Crab, having promised before Marriage to call her Madam whenever he spoke to or of her) must I neither smoke abroad or at home? 'Sblood, is not this my own House? Did not I purchase it with my own Money? And sha'nt I do what I please in it, Madam? No (says Mrs. Crab) positively no, my Dear (speaking in that calm Manner which is very apt to produce a Storm in the Person it is spoken to) but do not put yourself in a Passion; you know it was agreed before we were made one Flesh (yawning) that I was to have my Way in every Thing; I am sure you would not be worse than your Word, my Dear. Here Mr. Crab muttered softly to himself, one Flesh! I believe you are a Part of that Swines Flesh that the Devil entered into.

Mrs. Crab, who only catched the Words *the Devil entered*, replied, my Dear, how can you be so rude, you see it is Captain Gorget; how could you talk of the Devil's entering!

It was the Captain, sure enough; and he came very opportunely, as he had often done before, to prevent a more violent Rupture. This old Officer had served many Years with great Reputation; he was as brave as he was unfortunate; though he had often deserved a golden Chain, he came off with a wooden Leg only at last. But he had acquired what made him more valuable to all that knew him, the Art of pleasing, or rather the Art of making People pleased with themselves. He had great Knowledge of the World, and his long Acquaintance with Adversity taught him to meet future Disappointments with a cheerful Countenance. He was affable, good natured, and obliging.

Such was the State that Providence kindly placed him in Mr. Crab's Family; for the Captain's Age and Infirmities rendering him unfit for longer Service, he was permitted to go out upon his Pay, as a Reward for all his Toil and Sufferings; and having sought an Asylum in some cheap Part of the Island, he fixed his Abode at ——— ———, trusting, as his well might, to his own Abilities to procure Happiness and Content wherever he came. He had now lodged and boarded with Mr. Crab about two Years, and passed his Time very agreeably; which the Reader may be a little surprised at, upon a Supposition that the coarse Behaviour of Mr. Crab must ill suit with the good Breeding and Civility of the Captain. But it had quite a contrary Effect: The Loftiness and affected Delicacy of Mrs. Crab's Manner, contrasted by Mr. Crab's Rudeness and Vulgarity, afforded no small Matter of Entertainment, and their frequent Bickerings furnished the Captain with Opportunities of showing his Dexterity in the Art of reconciling Friends and conciliating Differences; a Talent that, at the same Time it carries with it a most pleasing Sensation to the human Heart, gives the Possessor a remarkable Superiority over those on whom it is exercised.

The Entrance of Captain Gorget into the Parlour did not in the least interrupt the Altercation that was going on between Mr. and Mrs. Crab. The Captain had been too often Witness of their domestick Strife to be treated with Ceremony upon these Occasions. Mrs. Crab, therefore, availed herself of his Appearance, hoping that he would determine the Matter in Dispute in her Favour, as his natural Politeness had ever inclined him to support the Cause of the Fair Sex, when it was not inconsistent with Justice and Propriety.

Captain (says Mrs. Crab) you are come at a lucky Moment to convince my Husband of the Reasonableness of my Request. I am sure you will be of my Opinion, which is, that no Gentleman should either swear or smoke Tobacco.

Madam (answered the Captain) your Conversation was so loud that I could not avoid overhearing what passed before I came into the Room, and I am sorry to say that my Sentiments do not entirely agree with yours. Mr. Crab, it seems, has been driven from his Club by the Impertinence of a young Pedant, who knows not his Place in Life, and he now seeks for that Recreation at home which he can no longer enjoy abroad. It is your Interest, Madam, to encourage this Reflection in him, and to contribute every Thing in your Power to make the Change agreeable. Swearing is generally the Result of Anger and Disappointment; and the Learned say that Nothing tends so much to calm the Passions, and smooth the rugged Part of Life, as a Pipe of Tobacco.

In short, Madam (says the old Gentleman, smiling) do you but consent to Mr. Crab's smoking, and I'll be answerable for his leaving off swearing.

Mrs. Crab, though she was not very well pleased with the Captain's Decree, gave a Nod of seeming Approbation, took up one of the Candles, wished them a good Night, and retired to her Chamber.

She had scarce got out of the Room before Mr. Crab, looking over his left Shoulder towards the Door, and extending his right Arm, gave the Captain a hearty Squeeze by the Hand, saying, a Thousand Thanks, a Thousand Thanks to you, noble Captain, this is a great Point gained.

Then, filling his Pipe, he smoked away most manfully, whilst the Captain finished the Bottle of Fontenoy which he had began that Day after Dinner.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 30.

THE Royal Exchange, Woodford, from London, and the John, Breakhill, from Liverpool, are arrived in James River.

Advertisements.

BY Decree of the Honourable the Court of Vice Admiralty, to be sold, for ready Money, at *York Town* on *Monday* the 4th of *May*, the Ship JENIFER, with her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture; also a large Quantity of GIN in Cases, Barrels and Jugs, five Hundred STONE and EARTHEN JUGS, &c. &c.

JOHN TYLER, Ma

TREASURY OFFICE, *April* 29, 1772.

I TAKE the Liberty of reminding the ſeveral Purchaſers of the publick Tobacco, at different Warehouſes, that their Bonds are payable the firſt Day of next Month. It is hoped the utmoſt Punctuality *will be obſerved, as* NO INDULGENCE CAN BE GIVEN.

RO. C. NICHOLAS, *Treaſurer.*

N. B. *To prevent Diſappointments, the Office will be open every Day, throughout the Court, from Sunriſe till two o'Clock; and occaſionally, in private Times, as Buſineſs may offer.*

MARY DICKINSON informs the Publick that ſhe has removed to the Store above the Coffeehouſe, near the Capitol, and has juſt imported, from LONDON, a freſh Aſſortment of JEWELLERY, MILLINERY, and other GOODS, namely, Luſtrings, Taffetas, Chintzes, *&c.* various Sorts of Necklaces, Earrings, large Sprigs and Paſte Pins, plain and ſet Combs, Lockets and Croſſes, Garnet and Marcaſite Hoops, Ditto Tortoiſeſhell lined with Gold, many little curious Watch Trinkets, ſet Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles, Gold Bands, Buttons, and Loops, Sword Knots, fine *China* Hoſe, *&c.* Ladies Riding Hats, Boys blue and black Satin Caps and Feathers, Satin Cloaks and Bonnets, blue and white Satin Pumps, white and blue Satin Quilts, Blond and Minionet Laces, Gentlemens fine Minionet Lace Ruffles, complete Suits of Ditto for Ladies, Ribands, Riband Lace, *Italian* and Silver Stomachers and Knots, true *Italian* Fancy Caps, Noſegays and Breaſt Flowers, Egrets and Plumes, fine ſtriped bordered Muſlin and Lawn Handkerchiefs, laced and flounced Ditto, Cambricks, fine Book and thick Muſlins, Gauzes, Catgut, Queen's Net-worked Muſlin Aprons, Lawn and Gauze Ditto, Gentlemen and Ladies Silk, Kid, and Lamb Gloves, Woolpacks with Drop Curls, netted Hoods, Gauze and laced Caps, and many other Articles too tedious to mention.

A GENTEEL PHETON

Will be SOLD, *on* FRIDAY *the* 8*th of* MAY, *At* PUBLICK VENDUE.

THIS Carriage is not more than eighteen Months old, is in excellent Order, very ſtrong, and newly lined and painted. There is Harneſs for four Horſes, made not above nine Months ago, genteelly ornamented with Braſs Plates, *&c.* Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the above at private Sale may, by applying to *David Douglaſs*, ſee it, and be informed of the Terms.

NORFOLK, *April* 27, 1772.

HAVING taken Mr. *James Ballantine* into Partnerſhip with me, we beg Leave to inform the Publick that at our Shop, facing the Parade, we mend and make all Sorts of PLAIN, REPEATING, and MUSICAL CLOCKS; alſo PLAIN, REPEATING, and HORIZONTAL WATCHES, with or without Gold Caſes, in the neateſt Manner. As we both ſerved a regular Apprenticeſhip to our Trade in *London*, and worked ſome Time after in ſeveral principal Shops there, ſuch Gentlemen as will favour us with their Cuſtom, either in the making or mending Way, may depend on having their Work faithfully done, by their humble Servants,

WILLIAM SKINKER.
JAMES BALLANTINE.

HANOVER Town, *April* 25, 1772.

THE Subſcriber intending for *Britain* ſoon after the *October* General Court, thoſe indebted to the Store kept by him in this Place, to prevent Diſputes in his Abſence, are requeſted to come and adjuſt their Accounts, either by making Payment or giving Bonds for their Balances. ROBERT PATTERSON.

N. B. The Goods on Hand I will ſell at a low Advance.

To be SOLD *by publick Auction, at* HAMPTON, *on* Thurſday *the* 28*th of* May, *being Court Day,*

A VALUABLE Tract of well timbered LAND, containing a Hundred and fifty ſix Acres, with convenient Houſes and other Improvements thereon, lying within five Miles of *Hampton*, and two Miles from a good fiſhing Place on *James* River. It will be ſhown (and agreed for privately, if deſired) at any Time between this and the Day of Sale, by applying to ROBERT MANSON,

N. B. The Terms, and Time of Payment, will be made known at the Sale, if not diſpoſed of by private Bargain.

To be SOLD *at* Suſſex *Courthouſe, in* July *next,*

THREE likely SLAVES, namely, BOB, a young Fellow, who is a good Shoemaker; a Negro Woman named SUE, and her Daughter FORTUNE, a very likely young Wench. I have a proper Title to theſe Negroes, which I advertiſed in Mr. *Rind*'s Gazette in the Year 1767. I ſhall attend the Sale, unleſs any private Agreement can be made, which may be known by applying to MATTHEW HOLT.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, about the latter End of *May* laſt, a bright bay HORSE about four Feet nine Inches high, ſeven or eight Years old, gaunt made, his Mane has been roached, but much grown out, the Part near his Withers hangs on the off Side, and the other Part on the near Side, is pretty much Creſt-fallen, paces well, and branded on the near Buttock O, but very blind. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to me, in *Goochland*, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward.

2‖ CHARLES LEWIS.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subſcriber, near *Woodſon*'s Store, in *Prince Edward*, about the 20th of *October* laſt, a ſorrel MARE about four Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, branded on the near Shoulder with a Stirrup Iron, has ſome Marks of the Pollevil, and was with Foal when ſhe went away. I will give FORTY SHILLINGS Reward on her being brought to me, or for ſuch Intelligence as will enable me to get her again.

2‖ HENRY SMITH.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subſcriber, in *Charlotte*, ſome Time laſt *October*, a ſorrel COLT about four Feet ſeven Inches high, two Years old laſt *Auguſt*, with a Star in his Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder w; he is dockt, but not cut. Whoever brings the ſaid Colt to me ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward; and if ſtolen, and the Thief convicted, FIVE POUNDS.

2‖ WILLIAM HARVEY, Junior.

TAKEN up, in *Auguſta*, a gray MARE about ten Years old, four Feet five Inches high, very much ſway backed, trots naturally, and branded on the near Shoulder Ⓘ. Poſted, and appraiſed to five Pounds ten Shillings. ‖ JOHN BURK.

TAKEN up, in *Auguſta*, a bay MARE between twelve and thirteen Hands high, ſix Years old, with a ſmall Star in her Forehead, but no perceivable Brand. Poſted, and appraiſed to ſix Pounds.

‖ THOMAS FEEMSTER.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 23, 1772.

MATTHEW HOLT begs Leave to acquaint the Publick, and his Friends in particular, that he has opened a Store, on the ſouth Side of the Capitol, next Door to Mrs. *Ayſcough*'s, where both dry Goods and *Weſt India* Commodities may be had upon very reaſonable Terms for Caſh, or ſhort Credit. He would be very much obliged to thoſe who are indebted to him to pay off their Accounts, *&c.* this *April* Court, as Indulgence cannot be granted any longer.

*** To be SOLD, a very likely Fellow named YORK, who is a good Butcher; alſo a likely Fellow named CÆSAR, who underſtands Ditching, Gardening, and all Kinds of Plantation Buſineſs. For Terms apply as above.

THE Subſcriber begs Leave to inform the Publick that he has rented, and is now in Poſſeſſion of, the Ordinary at *Charles City* Courthouſe; where he hopes to be properly provided for the Accommodation of Gentlemen, and their Horſes, by the Height of the preſent *April* Court.

2‖ JAMES EPPES.

CAROLINE, *April* 20, 1772.

THE noted Horſe FEARNOUGHT, now in high Order, will cover this Spring, on the former Terms, and at the ſame Place.

Juſt imported from LONDON, *and ſelling by the Subſcriber,*

A LARGE Aſſortment of MILLINERY, and other GOODS, conſiſting of the neateſt Hats, Cloaks, Bonnets, Tereſas, and Whiſks, Caps, Hoods, and Fillets, worked Linen, white Satin and Luſtring Stomachers and Knots, *Italian* Flowers, Saſhes and quilted Puddings for Children, black and white Silk Aprons, white and coloured Satin and Sarcenet quilted Coats, Patent Net Hoods, flowered Patent Aprons and Pieces for Ruffles and Handkerchiefs, equal in Beauty to joining Lace, fine white and black Silk and Worſted Breeches Patterns, Breaſt Flowers, Muſlin, Cambrick, Gauze, and Catguts, white and coloured Satin, Queen's Silk and Stuff Shoes, white and coloured Silk Hoſe, ribbed Thread and Cotton Do. Gloves and Glove Strings, Silk Mits at 4*s.* a Pair, new faſhioned Hair Collars, Boys trimmed Satin Caps, Ladies neweſt faſhioned riding Hats bound and trimmed with Turbans and Feathers, new Muſick, both Dances and Songs, Gentlemens fine Beaver Hats, thin Bone and Packthread Stays, fine Night Caps, *French* Beads and Bugles, Stone, Silver, Pinchbeck, and gilt Buckles, ſet Combs, plain Do. of all Sorts, Stone and Gold Brooches, Stone and other Pins, Marcaſite Lockets, Silver bowed Sciſſors, Silver Teaſpoons, Tea Tongs, Pap Boats and Spunge Eggs, Etwee Caſes and Pocket Books, Travelling Shaving Caſes and Shaving Powder, Silver Screws and Shoe Claſps, Fruit Knives, Pocket Rules, Gold and Silver Hatbands, Canes and very neat Riding Whips, Toys for Children, Bead and Marcaſite Earrings, Paſte Do. with and without Drops, plaited Shoe Buckles, bordered and ſpotted Gauze Handkerchiefs, Hair Nets and Powder Bags, Watch Papers, Filagree Trinkets, Inkpots, Fiddle Strings, with many other Articles too numerous to mention.

C. RATHELL.

Juſt arrived, and to be SOLD *by* ROBERT MACGILL, *Bookſeller, during the preſent General Court, at the Houſe of Mr.* William Rind, *in* Williamſburg,

A SMALL Collection of BOOKS, conſiſting of HISTORY, ENTERTAINMENT, NEW NOVELS, SONG BOOKS, ſome LAW BOOKS, and a few DIVINITY BOOKS; likewiſe a neat Aſſortment of Ladies and Gentlemens MOROCCO POCKET BOOKS, with or without Inſtruments; alſo a Variety of MERCHANTS ACCOUNT BOOKS.

N. B. Printed Catalogues, with the Prices annexed, may be had gratis.

DR. KEYSER's *famous* PILLS *are to be had, with full Directions for their Uſe in all Caſes, at* JOHN M. GALT's *Shop, near the Capitol, in* Williamſburg,

WHO takes the Liberty to give the Publick ſome Particulars relating to them, that ſuch Perſons as are ſuffering under any Degree of a CERTAIN DISEASE may be encouraged to uſe the Means for their Recovery, which have hitherto been ſucceſsful beyond all the other Inventions of human Subtlety.

The Preparation has been diſcovered only eleven Years. The Patient is moſt effectually cured without any Inconvenience to himſelf, or being expoſed to the Shame and Confuſion of his Diſaſter being known to the nicеſt Obſerver. When he is condemned to a torturing Salivation, he finds himſelf bleſſed in a Reprieve by ſubſtituting this Medicine; and it has ever been found a certain Cure after the noiſome and excruciating Torments of filthy Salivations have failed.

His Majeſty ordered the moſt rigid and niceſt Examinations, by twenty ſeven of the principal Phyſicians and Surgeons, to be made, not only immediately upon the Perſons having been treated with the Medicine, but even for the Space of two Years afterwards, to ſee if the Cures of all the numerous Patients were durable; when, to the eternal Honour of Doctor *Keyſer*, there was not found a ſingle Inſtance of Failure. This occaſioned the King to eſtabliſh an Hoſpital, where theſe Pills alone are adminiſtered, and from whence ſeven Thouſand Soldiers have been diſmiſſed ſince the 20th of *April*, 1763, perfectly reſtored to Health. His Majeſty, in Reward for ſuch important Services to Mankind, has ſettled an Annuity of ſeven Hundred and fifty Pounds upon the ingenious Inventor.

The happy Effects of *Keyſer*'s Pills have been often proved in white Swellings, Aſthmas, Suppreſſions of Urine, in the Palſy, Apoplexies, Sciaticks, in the Green Sickneſs, and more eſpecially in the Yaws.

The Cures are atteſted by the Duke of *Bedford*, and Lord *Ligonier*, in *England*; and the Dukes of *Nivernois*, *Choiſeul*, and *Praſlin*, in *France*.

WE certify, to all whom it may concern, that ſince the Eſtabliſhment of our Hoſpital, in the Year of our Lord 1757, *for the Uſe of the Soldiers of the* French *Guards, it appears, by the Regiſters of the ſaid Hoſpital, that Mr.* Keyſer's *Medicine has already cured five Hundred and fifty eight Soldiers, who (by the Accounts of our Phyſicians and Surgeon Majors) were afflicted with the moſt ſevere and inveterate Diſorders, many of which were unconquerable by repeated Salivations and other Methods, without our having loſt a ſingle Man; whereas, before Mr.* Keyſer's *new diſcovered Remedy, we generally loſt near Half the Number of thoſe who were treated for this Diſorder by the beſt Methods then in Uſe: That we cauſed the ſtricteſt and repeated Examinations to be made of the Cures performed; and having no other Motive but that of Humanity in the Preſervation of Mans Lives, we thought fit therefore, our Duty to give particular Attention to this Object, in Conſequence, of which we have ſupported it with our warmeſt Protection, &c.*

We certify, moreover, that, in Conſideration of the continual Succeſs of this Remedy, examined and acknowledged, it has pleaſed his Majeſty to purchaſe the Secret, and to grant a Penſion of ten Thouſand Livres a Year to Mr. Keyſer, *which is notorious to all* Paris, *as alſo an excluſive Privilege of making and vending his Medicine during his Life; that Mr.* Keyſer's *Remedy is adopted, and made Uſe of by Order of the Government, in all the military Hoſpitals of the Kingdom, from whence we daily receive Letters filled with the greateſt Encomiums on its ſuperiour Virtues.*

We have, therefore, ſigned the preſent Certificate with our own Hands, ſealed with the Seal of our Arms, and counter-ſigned by our firſt Secretary, the 20th of April 1763.

BEDFORD. LIGONIER.
Marſhal Duke of BIRON.
Duke of CHOISEUL.
(Signed) Duke of PRASLIN.
Duke of NIVERNOIS.

And underneath by their reſpective Secretaries, with the Seals of their Arms annexed.

*** They are ſold in Boxes, with printed Directions for taking them, at two Dollars and a Half and five Dollars each.

†‡† *This Medicine is ſold for Mr.* James Rivington *of* New York, *the only Perſon appointed by Doctor* Keyſer *to vend them in* America.

To be SOLD *on the Premiſes, to the higheſt Bidder, on* Monday *the* 4*th of* May, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day,*

A TRACT of LAND lying in *Fauquier* County, containing by Eſtimation ſeventeen Hundred Acres, commonly known by the Name of *The Cobler's Tract*. Six Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer giving an Execution Bond, with approved Security, to

2‖ THOMAS TURNER.

N. B. The LAND will be ſold altogether, or in Parcels, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. Five per Cent. Diſcount for ready Money.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *Bedford*, above the Courthouſe, containing two Hundred and ten Acres, the Timber upon which is red Oak, Hickory, and Poplar. There is a ſmall Plantation upon it, with a Dwellinghouſe, ſundry Outhouſes, and other Improvements. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *Alexander Stewart*, at *Rocky Ridge*, or to the Subſcriber, living near the Premiſes.

JOHN CLEMENT.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, on ſix Months Credit, at* Cheſterfield *Courthouſe, on* Friday *the* 2*d of* October *next,*

TWO Thouſand Acres of LAND on *Swift* Creek. It is exceeding good for Grain, very well timbered, and will be ſold altogether, or in Parcels, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. It is five Miles from *Peterſburg*, and about the ſame Diſtance from *Osborn*'s Warehouſes. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may ſee the Land, any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to *John Randolph*, Executor of *Henry Randolph*, deceaſed.

To be LEASED, *for a Term of Years, and entered upon immediately,*

A TRACT of LAND, containing one Hundred and fifty three Acres pleaſantly ſituated, oppoſite to the Borough of *Norfolk*, called *Windmill Point*, on which are two Brick WINDMILLS completely fitted for grinding, with a large BAKEHOUSE which contains four Ovens and three Bolting Mills, all under one Roof, and a large GRANARY ſufficient to contain four or five Thouſand Buſhels of Wheat; alſo ſeveral NEGROES, among whom are Millers, Bakers, a Cooper, and a Wench; likewiſe a commodious DWELLINGHOUSE, with four Rooms on a Floor, and all neceſſary Outhouſes belonging thereto. Any Gentleman inclining to take a Leaſe of the above Place may know the Terms by applying to me, on the Premiſes. ROBERT TUCKER.

N. B. The Subſcriber would be glad to undertake the manufacturing of any Quantity of Wheat, or Seconds, on reaſonable Terms, not exceeding fifteen Thouſand Buſhels.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, at *Rocky Ridge*, on *Friday* the 17th Inſtant *(April)* an indented Servant Lad named JAMES PATTESON, about five Feet four or five Inches high, well ſet, with yellow Hair, and a fair Complexion; he had on, when he went away, a blue Waiſtcoat and Breeches, Shoes, and gray Stockings, but no Buckles. The ſame Night he ran away he went on Board the *Betſy*, Captain *Ramſay* (the Ship he was imported in) and ſtole from thence ſundry Wearing Apparel, which it is probable he will make uſe of. They were a blue Waiſtcoat lined with white Flannel, a Pair of ſtriped Canvas Trouſers, and two ſtriped *Holland* Shirts marked C M. All Maſters of Veſſels are forewarned, at their Peril, from harbouring or carrying him out of the Colony; and I hereby offer a Reward of FORTY SHILLINGS if he is ſecured in any Jail ſo that I may get him again, or delivered to Mr. *William Ruſſell*, at *Rocky Ridge*, or to me in *Charles City* County, near the *Long* Bridge.

ALEXANDER GORDON.

To be SOLD, *on the Premiſes, to the higheſt Bidder, on* Wedneſday *the* 29*th of* July,

SEVENTEEN Hundred Acres of LAND, formerly the Property of Mr. *Nathaniel Edwards*, Junior, deceaſed, lying on the ſouth Side of *Meherrin* River, in the County of *Brunſwick*, great Part of which is good for Tobacco. Six Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer giving Bond, with approved Security. 5 WILLIAM EDWARDS.

For CHARTER *to any Port in* BRITAIN,

THE Brigantine BETTY, now on the Stocks at *Alexandria*, Burthen about three Hundred and twenty Hogſheads, and will be launched on or about the 15th of *May*. For Terms apply to Mr. *William Templeman* in *Frederickſburg*, or to me in *Alexandria*.

4‖ WILLIAM WOOD.

EIGHT POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away, on *Monday* the 6th Inſtant *(April)* from my Plantation in *Culpeper*, near *Frederick Zimmerman*'s Ordinary, an *Engliſh* Convict Servant Man named JOHN BOOKER, born in *Yorkſhire*, about thirty three Years old, five Feet ſix Inches high, with a narrow Viſage, ruddy Countenance, a little pitted with the Smallpox, and dark Hair untied; he ſpeaks broad, is fond of Liquor, and talkative, has been near two Years in the Country, and is an excellent Ditcher. His Cloathes conſiſted of a Friaze Frock, almoſt new, not lined, with Metal Buttons, cut in the Faſhion, with a Button and Strap to the Hip, Breeches of the ſame, but more worn, an old black Jacket, new Felt Hat, Yarn Stockings, and Country Shoes tied with Strings, the Heels and Soles thick nailed. Alſo went off, at the ſame Time, with the above, another *Engliſh* Convict, belonging to Mr. *William Allan*, adjoining my Plantation, named THOMAS DRYBROW, a tall ſtout Fellow, with a full ſwarthy Face, which appears to be ſwelled or bloated, and wears his own thick ſtuffy curled Hair; he had on, and took with him, two Oſnabrug Shirts, a Pair of old brown Rolls Trouſers, old Leather Breeches, a coarſe Kerſey Fly Coat with Metal Buttons, the Body lined with Plaid, an old blue Jacket without Sleeves, good Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Country made white Yarn Stockings, much worn. It is probable they may change Clothes with each other. The above Reward ſhall be paid to any Perſon who will deliver the ſaid Servants to Mr. *Edward Stoupe*, Merchant at *Culpeper* Courthouſe, the Overſeer at my Plantation, or to me in *Frederickſburg*. FOUR POUNDS will be given if they are ſecured in any Jail, ſo that we may get them again, or in Proportion for either of them.

JAMES DUNCANSON.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Eſſex*, about ſeven Miles below *Tappahannock*, upon *Rappahannock* River, ſome Time laſt *Auguſt*, a very likely Negro Man named JOE, about twenty three Years of Age, a very tall ſlim Fellow, with little or no Beard, yellow Complexion, thick Lips, a ſulky Look, and a Bending in his Knees; his Variety of Clothes makes it needleſs to mention any Particulars. He has been uſed to going by Water ſome Time paſt, in a Sloop belonging to Mr. *Archibald M'Call*, but was hired to Doctor *Ewen Climens* laſt Year, who employed him to work upon his Plantation, and Sometimes to go up and down the River in a Flat to *Frederickſburg*, and was in his Service when he went off. As he is an artful cunning Fellow, I expect he will attempt to paſs for a Freeman, and get on Board a Veſſel. All Maſters are therefore hereby forewarned from harbouring or carrying him out of the Colony. Whoever brings him to me, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's Jails ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward if he is taken in the Colony, and THREE POUNDS, beſides what the Law allows, if he is taken out thereof. WILLIAM GATEWOOD.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Prince Edward*, on the 19th of *June* laſt, a Mulatto Man named TOBY, about twenty two Years of Age, of the middle Stature, thin made, with gray Eyes, white coloured Hair, little or no Beard, ſtoops in his Shoulders, and is of a brisk Motion; there is a Difference in his Thumbs, but of which I do not remember; he has a ſmall Scar in his Face, and was brought up to the Planter's Buſineſs. I expect he will endeavour to paſs for a Freeman, if not a white Man. TEN POUNDS Reward will be given if he is taken in *Carolina*, and FIVE POUNDS, beſides what the Law allows, if he is taken in *Virginia*.

2‖ BENJAMIN WIMBISH.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Dinwiddie*, on *Tueſday* the 14th Inſtant *(April)* a Negro named BOB, about twenty three Years of Age, five Feet ten or eleven Inches high, by Trade a Blackſmith, very dark and thin viſaged: Whoever apprehends the ſaid Slave, and brings him to me, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, if he is taken in *Virginia*, and THREE POUNDS if taken in *Carolina*, beſides what the Law allows.

‖ ROBERT WALKER.

RUN away from *Richmond* Town, on the 19th Inſtant *(April)* a Servant Man named PETER FISKIN, a *Scotchman*, and a Tailor by Trade, well ſet, with long black Hair; he had on a brown Cloth Coat, red Waiſtcoat, and black Breeches, and took with him a *French* gray Suit, *&c.* Whoever delivers him to me, or ſecures him ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward. 2‖ JOHN ORR.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a black HORSE about four Feet and a Half high, and branded on the near Buttock 4. Poſted, and appraiſed to eight Pounds.

‖ REUBEN MORGAN.

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, the following Strays, namely, a ſmall black MARE with a long Bob Tail, a white Spot on her near Flank, ſome Saddle Spots, is branded on the off Shoulder SI, and had on a Bell.—A ſorrel HORSE COLT about a Year old, neither cut, dockt, nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to five Pounds.—A bay COLT about two Years old, with a large Star in his Forehead, his two near Feet white, neither dockt nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds. ‖ JAMES HUNT.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a yellow bay MARE about four Feet eight Inches high, ſix or ſeven Years old, with a long buſhy Tail and roached Mane, two Saddle Spots on each Side of her Back, paces naturally, and branded on the near Buttock N W. Poſted, and appraiſed to ten Pounds. AMBROSE CUMPTON.

POETS CORNER.

REFLECTIONS *on* MORTALITY.

GOD's vaſt Exiſtence ne'er decays,
His Age doth never grow;
Paſt, preſent, future, in his Sight
Are one eternal Now.
Man meaſures out his fleeting State
By Motions in the Skies,
And, like his own frail Veſture, wears
With every Hour that flies.
Succeſſive Moments make our Day,
Succeſſive Days our Year;
The Moments paſt ſhall ne'er return,
Though Seaſons like appear.
Still a new Spring ſhall bleſs the Earth,
And a new Harveſt riſe;
But the laſt Year ſhall ne'er again
Reviſit mortal Eyes.
Old Time, with his keen pointed Scythe,
Conſumes the Life of Man,
Our Periods leſſening from the Hour
Our Being firſt began.
Each Year fulfils ſome new Event,
Heaven long decreed before,
Removes unnumber'd Lives away,
And gives unnumber'd more.
Soon ſhall th' appointed Angel ſtand
O'er Earth, and Air, and Sea,
And ſwear by him that ever lives
Time ſhall no longer be.
Then ſhall the League of Nature ceaſe,
The Sun forſake his Way,
And Years and Ages loſe their Names
In one eternal Day.

THE *AMERICAN* EDITION of the firſt and ſecond Volumes of Judge BLACKSTONE's COMMENTARIES on the Laws of *England* is juſt arrived, from *Philadelphia*, at Mr. *William Rind*'s, and at Meſſ. *Purdie* and *Dixon*'s, in *Williamſburg*, for the Convenience of the Gentlemen of *Virginia* who are eſtimated with the Wiſh of ſeeing native Fabrications flouriſh in *America*, by the humble Attempts of their moſt reſpectful Servant,

ROBERT BELL.

*** A few Sets of the *American* Edition of ROBERTSON's celebrated HISTORY of CHARLES V. complete, in three Volumes Octavo, at the ſmall Price of three Dollars, may be had as above.

MONDAY *the* 30*th of* MARCH, 12*th* GEO. III. 1772.

ORDERED, that Mr. TREASURER do cauſe the Names of all the Sheriffs who have failed to collect and account for the publick Taxes, together with the Balances due from them reſpectively, to be publiſhed in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE, at ſuch Times as he ſhall think proper, before the 10th Day of *November* next.

By the HOUSE of BURGESSES.

GEORGE WYTHE, C. H. B.

TREASURY OFFICE, *April* 14, 1772.

ALL thoſe COLLECTORS who continue in Arrear to the Treaſury may be aſſured that I ſhall pay implicit Obedience to the above Order, beſides taking all other neceſſary Steps to enforce the moſt ſpeedy Payments.

2 RO. C. NICHOLAS, Treaſurer.

THE Subſcriber has Goods in Packages for Sale, at a low Advance for ready Money, or ſhort Credit; alſo the Remains of a Store, which he will diſpoſe of at a low Advance, and give one, two, or three Years Credit. Both Invoice and Inventory may be ſeen by applying to me at *Cabin Point*, or at the next Meeting of the Merchants in *Williamſburg*.

WALTER PETER.

N. B. I have ſeveral Pipes of *Teneriffe* WINE which I will ſell cheap, on Credit.

Wanted immediately,

A PERSON to attend in a Store who will be conſtant and aſſiduous, underſtands Accounts, and can write a good Hand. Alſo a Youth about fourteen or fifteen Years of Age, who can read well, and write tolerably. Inquire at the Poſt Office.

KING & QUEEN, *March* 31, 1772.

WHEREAS my Apprentice, *Chriſtopher Lewis*, has abſented himſelf from my Service, I therefore forewarn all Perſons from employing or entertaining him under any Pretence whatever.

THOMAS HILL.

THE convenient, well built Brick Houſe, on the main Street, in *Fredericksburg* (formerly advertiſed) being ſtill unſold, with two Lots, or Half Acres of Ground, adjoining, together with a Water Lot, on deep Water, and a back Lot at a ſmall Diſtance, will be offered for Sale, on *Tueſday* the 26th of *May*, being the ſecond Day of the Fair.

5 JOHN DIXON.

Twenty Pounds Reward.

CARRIED off by a certain *Lynde Valentine*, who ſailed from *Pungoteague* the 27th of laſt Month, an Apprentice named JAMES WATERS, about nineteen Years old, has been bred to the Sea, was born in *Scotland*, wears his own Hair, which is thin and ſhort, he is well ſet, but rather under the middle Size. Alſo a Negro Man Slave named ISAAC, the Property of Mrs. *Catharine Juſtice*, and hired to me; he is about twenty four Years old, of a yellowiſh Complexion, well made, of the middle Stature, and his Hair is intermixed with Wool. This *Lynde Valentine*, by an Extract from the Cuſtomhouſe Books, appears to be Maſter and Owner of the Sloop *Solly* which was built in *Maſſachuſetts* in 1767; ſhe is ſquare ſterned, Burthen, according to Regiſter, thirty Tons, regiſtered in *Rhode Iſland* the 19th of *May*, 1767, and cleared out at Port *Accomack* the 19th of *March*, 1772, for *Antigua*. Her Cargo is as follows, namely, two Hundred Buſhels of Corn, ten Thouſand five Hundred Feet of Scantling, ſeven Thouſand two Hundred Hogſhead Staves, one Thouſand Hogſhead Heading, four Thouſand five Hundred Hoops, and one Thouſand Feet of Plank. It is ſuppoſed he will make for ſome *Dutch* or *Daniſh* Port, particularly *Santa Croix*, and there offer the Negro for Sale. His Sloop has a new Mainſail, which is the only new Sail ſhe has, a patched Squareſail, Boot-topped with Lime, and a new Topmaſt, which is remarkably ſhort; her Name is painted in Capital Letters on her Stern. I will give the above Reward if the Negro and Servant be properly ſecured, ſo that I may get them again, and on Conviction of the Thief; or TEN POUNDS, beſides reaſonable Charges, on Delivery of the Negro only.

ACCOMACK, *April* 4, 1772. EDWARD KER.

NABOB, *a complete* DRAY HORSE,

STANDS at *Marlborough* (the Seat of the late *John Mercer*, Eſquire, deceaſed) till the 1ſt Day of *June*, when he will return to Colonel *Mercer*'s lower Quarter, on *Sheanando*, for the Uſe of that Neighbourhood. It is preſumed Nothing more need be ſaid in Favour of NABOB than that Colonel *Mercer*, while at *London*, imported him for his own Uſe. He is at *Marlborough* purely for the Benefit of that Eſtate, but any Perſon inclining to avail himſelf of ſo convenient an Opportunity of getting his Breed, may do ſo at the Rate of two Piſtoles the Seaſon, or two Dollars the Leap; the Caſh muſt be ſent with the Mares. Excellent Paſturage, and the beſt Care (though not to be anſwerable for Loſs) will be found till Harveſt.

SWAN's POINT FERRY, *April* 2, 1772.

HAVING undertaken the Charge of the ORDINARY, and FERRY, at this Place, I take this Method to preſent my Compliments to the Publick, and inform them that I will immediately furniſh every Neceſſary for keeping the ſaid Ordinary in as handſome a Manner as I poſſibly can; and, as the *April* General Court is now approaching, hope it will not be amiſs to aſſure all Perſons who may travel to and from *Williamſburg*, by Way of the Ferry at this Place, that I will uſe every Endeavour to give the fulleſt Satisfaction, nor ſhall any Pains be wanting to give the utmoſt Deſpatch to Paſſengers croſſing at the ſaid Ferry. Gentlemen who may have Reaſon for ſending their Servants without Money for Ferriage, will pleaſe to furniſh them with a Note.

THOMAS FENNER.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to me, by Bond, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make immediate Payment.

THE noted Horſe PARTNER, now the Property of the Subſcriber, will ſtand this Seaſon, at my Houſe, in *Goochland*, and will cover at five Pounds each Mare, and on no other Terms. Good Paſturage, and the greateſt Care taken of the Mares.

THOMAS M. RANDOLPH.

SURRY, *April* 1, 1772.

SOME Time in the Year 1762 I gave my Bond to *Henry Collier*, for eighty Pounds, which I have long ſince paid. The Publick is deſired not to take an Aſſignment of the ſaid Bond, as I have a ſufficient Receipt for its being paid.

THOMAS GRANTHEM.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on the 1ſt of *March*, a ſmall black Fellow named MICHAEL, formerly the Property of *Samuel Aſhley*, of *James City* County, near *Williamſburg*; he is a ſenſible, ſmooth-tongued Fellow, and had on, when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oſnabrug Shirt, and Shoes and Stockings. I imagine he is lurking about *Williamſburg*. Whoever brings him to *New Kent* Courthouſe, or to me in *King William*, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

JOHN WARREN.

TAKEN up, in *Frederick*, a ſmall bright bay MARE about thirteen Hands high, fifteen Years old, with a Star in her Forehead, a Snip on her Noſe, and branded on the near Buttock W. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds ten Shilling.

WILLIAM COCHRAN.

NORFOLK, *March* 27, 1772.

THE Subſcriber, Executrix to the Eſtate of her late Huſband, *Matthew Rothery*, deceaſed, hereby requeſts all thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Deceaſed to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted; and thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, or to *Rothery* and *Mabun*, are earneſtly entreated to an immediate Compliance of their Contracts, and Payment of their reſpective Dues, at the *April* General Court. There will be ſold, at Vendue, on *Tueſday* the 12th of *May*, for ready Money, the Ship MOLLY, with all her Materials, conſiſting of Sails, Rigging, Anchors, Cables, &c. belonging to the ſaid Eſtate; alſo a Hundred Pound Share in the *Town Point* Company Wharf. There will alſo be ſold, a few Months hence, two Thouſand three Hundred and fifty Acres of LAND, lying up the *Southern Branch*, Part of which has a Quantity of choice Timber on it, with a Griſt Mill, now in Repair, which rents for ſixty Pounds a Year, and a convenient Place to erect a Saw Mill. A large Flat can come within a few Yards of the Mill. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, who has for Sale, or to hire, ſeveral valuable SLAVES, among whom are two that have been uſed to work in a Blackſmith's Shop.

Tf MARY ROTHERY, Executrix.

PRINCE EDWARD, *March* 10, 1772.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt me, on Account of the Eſtate of *Robert Walton*, deceaſed, late of *Cumberland* County, are hereby requeſted to make them known by the laſt Day of *Auguſt* next, as on that Day I purpoſe to ſell, to the higheſt Bidder, at my Houſe, ſundry back LANDS belonging to the ſaid Eſtate, in Order to ſatisfy all Demands that may then appear againſt it, and that my Executorſhip may be finally cloſed and diſcharged.

8 GEORGE WALTON, Executor.

THE Weather ſetting in very bad on the third Day of the Sale of Mr. *Benjamin Grymes*'s Eſtate (before advertiſed by his Truſtees) prevented the Whole from being ſold, this is to give Notice that on the fourth *Monday* in *May* next, being Fair Day, will be ſold, in *Fredericksburg*, on Credit till the 25th of *April* 1773, between twenty and thirty SLAVES, a Tract of LAND, containing two Thouſand Acres, near *Lewis*'s Bridge, which will be ſold altogether, or in Parcels as can be agreed on at the Sale; alſo a Tract, containing ſixteen Hundred Acres, adjoining *Recovery* Furnace Tract, a BRIG about one Hundred Tuns Burthen, ſeveral WAGGONS, CARTS, and their GEER, ſundry BEDS and other HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, as well as all the BOOKS, and every Thing elſe belonging to the Eſtate of the ſaid *Grymes*. Five per Cent. Diſcount will be allowed for ready Money, and all Bonds not diſcharged at the Time they become due to bear Intereſt from their Dates.

JOHN TAYLOE,
8 FRANCIS THORNTON, } Truſtees.
WILLIAM FITZHUGH,

For SALE,

THE following Tracts of LAND, in *Pittſylvania*, namely, four Hundred Acres on *Banifter* River, ſeven Hundred and ſeventy on *Beaver* Creek, three Hundred and forty five on *Burch*'s Creek, three Hundred and eighty on *Leatherwood*, and four Hundred on *Snow* Creek. Theſe Lands were formerly the Property of Mr. *Samuel Gordon*, deceaſed. The Price, and Time of Payment, may be known by applying to me in *Peterſburg*.

Tf JERMAN BAKER.

To be SOLD, *or* RENTED *for a Term of Years, and entered upon the* 1ſt *of* March,

A COMMODIOUS well built STORE in the Town of *Peterſburg*, adjoining the Tobacco Warehouſes, three Stories high, with a good Room fronting the Main Street, four good Rooms with Fireplaces, and a Granary, with a Cellar that will hold ſixty Hogſheads; alſo a Warehouſe forty Feet by twenty, built laſt Year, Stable, and Kitchen that is alſo new. The Lot is well incloſed, and the Whole is in good Repair. For Terms apply to *Richard Lamb*, on the Premiſes, or to the Subſcriber, in *Norfolk*.

Tf JOHN GREENWOOD.

JAMES HALDANE, COPPER SMITH *and* BRASS FOUNDER *from* Philadelphia, *in* Church *Street, near the Church*, Norfolk,

MAKES and ſells all Sorts of COPPER and BRASS WORK, namely, Stills, Brewing Coppers, Sugar Boilers, Fullers and Hatters Coppers, Capuchin Plate Warmers, Tea Kitchens, all Sorts of Ship, Fiſh, and Waſh Kettles, Stew Pans, *Dutch* Ovens, Tea Kettles, Saucepans, Coffee and Chocolate Pots, Braſs Mill Work, Furniture for Coach and Chair Harneſs, Fenders, Andirons, Candleſticks, Cocks, &c. at the moſt reaſonable Rates. Alſo tins and mends all Sorts of old Copper and Braſs Kitchen Work, and gives the beſt Prices for old Copper, Braſs, Pewter, or Lead.

*** All Orders from the Country will be punctually attended to.

N. B. *He deals for Caſh, or Country Produce.*

☞ Thoſe who have old Braſs, Copper, Pewter, or Lead, to diſpoſe of, are deſired to apply to Mr. *Joſeph Kidd*, in *Williamſburg*, or to Mr. *M'Cae*, in *Hampton*, who will receive it for me, and pay them the Value; they will likewiſe receive old Work to be repaired.

Six Thouſand three Hundred Acres of LAND *to be ſold at* Frederick *Town, on* Thurſday *the* 28*th of* May *next.*

BY Virtue of an Act of Aſſembly of the Province of *Maryland*, empowering the Executors of Colonel *Thomas Colvill* to grant Deeds to Mr. *John Semple*, his Heirs or Aſſigns, for a certain Tract of LAND called *Merryland*, in *Frederick* County, and Province aforeſaid, containing ſix Thouſand three Hundred Acres, we the Subſcribers, being Aſſigns of the ſaid *Semple*, and having received from the Executors of Colonel *Colvill* ſufficient Deeds for the Land aforeſaid, do hereby undertake to diſpoſe of the ſame, at the Time and Place above mentioned.

It is laid off in Lots, in the moſt advantageous Manner, ſo that only one of them will make one, two, or three good Settlements, as will appear by the Plat, a Copy of which may be ſeen at the Coffeehouſes of *Philadelphia*, *Baltimore*, and *Annapolis*, in the Hands of *Cumberland Wilſon* at *Dumfries*, *Adam Stewart* at *George* Town, and *Charles Beatty* at *Frederick* Town, who will direct thoſe deſirous of ſeeing the Land to a Perſon acquainted with the Boundaries, on or near the Premiſes, who will ſhow them the ſame; but as we intend to meet on the Spot ourſelves, a few Days before the Sale, in Order to run the Lines, &c. thoſe inclinable to purchaſe will have an Opportunity of viewing it with us, by attending from *Monday* the 25th of *May* till the 28th, being the Day of Sale.

This Land is very ſuitable for Planting or Farming, being well watered and timbered, no Settlement having ever been made on it, and is a very good Soil. It lies along the Banks of *Potowmack* River, adjoining it for a conſiderable Way, near to *Harper*'s Ferry, the main Road from which to *Frederick* Town (a very flouriſhing, populous Place) runs through it, from which Place it is only diſtant about nine Miles, from *George* Town, the Seaport of the County, forty five Miles, and from *Baltimore* about ſixty five, at each of which Places a conſtant and ready Market may be found for all Kinds of Produce.

Its Situation on *Potowmack* River muſt be of conſiderable Advantage to it, and in Time may add immenſely to its Value, when the Navigation is opened, which may be done, without any great Difficulty, for a conſiderable Diſtance, there being at preſent a tolerable Navigation both below and above, it lying near the *Shenando* Falls, from whence, up to Fort *Cumberland*, a Hundred and ten Miles, Battoes now frequently paſs, and downwards, to the *Seneca* Falls, twenty five Miles, which is within twenty Miles of *George* Town.

It will be ſold in ſeparate Lots, or altogether, for Sterling or current Money, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers; one Third to be paid down at the Sale, another Third payable in twelve Months, and the other in two Years, on giving Bond and Security, with Intereſt till paid. A moſt undoubted Title will be made the Purchaſers.

ADAM STEWART.
17 THOMAS MONTGOMERIE.
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

GOOCHLAND, *January* 13, 1772.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, ſome Time ago, a likely Negro Man named SUBA, talks but indifferent *Engliſh*, and ſquints pretty much. He ran away twice before, was once apprehended at *Hobb*'s *Hole*, and another Time at *Eſſex* Courthouſe, and is now ſuppoſed either to be in that Part of the Country or lurking about *Mattox* Warehouſe, as he once lived there with Mr. *Archibald Brice*. I will give FIVE POUNDS for taking him up, and SIXPENCE a Mile for conveying him to me from the Place where he may be apprehended; and in Caſe it ſhould be inconvenient to bring him to me, I will give the above Reward for ſecuring him in the Jail of the County where he is taken.

Tf JOHN BOLLING.

WARRASQUEAK Bay, *November* 18, 1771.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Iſle* of *Wight*, a Negro named JACK, about five and thirty Years of Age, five Feet ten Inches high, a ſlim, clean made, talkative, artful, and very ſaucy Fellow. Alſo a Negro Woman named VENUS, thirty two Years old, five Feet four Inches high, ſtout made, very ſmooth tongued, and has been five Years accuſtomed to the Houſe. They worked in the *Diſmal Swamp* about two Years, under Mr. *John Waſhington*, and carried with them ſeveral different Kinds of Apparel. Whoever delivers the ſaid Negroes to me, or ſecures them ſo that I may get them, ſhall have a Reward of FORTY SHILLINGS for each.

Tf NATHANIEL BURWELL.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 19, 1771.

WHEREAS the Revenues of the College, unleſs more Care and Exactneſs be uſed in the Collection of them, cannot continue equal to the Expenſes; and whereas a conſiderable Amount is due to the College, which ariſes from ſmall Sums eaſy to be paid by each individual Debtor, all Perſons concerned are therefore deſired to take Notice of the following Regulations, paſſed at a late Meeting of the Preſident and Maſters:

If any Perſon who owes Money to the College on Bond does not either pay off all the Intereſt, that is or ſhall be due, on or before the 10th of *May* next, or in the mean Time give a new Bond, with approved Security, for the whole Debt, both Principal and Intereſt, his Bond ſhall be put into a Lawyer's Hand on the ſaid 10th of *May*, with Orders to bring Suit, and obtain Satisfaction for it as ſpeedily as the Forms of Law will permit. If, after the ſaid 10th of *May*, the Intereſt due on any Bond be not regularly paid, at the Expiration of each Year, the Bond ſhall be put in Suit without farther Notice or Delay.

A ſalutary Order of the Viſiters and Governours, directing every Boarder, on his Admiſſion into the College, to pay for ſix Months Board in Advance, is evaded and rendered nugatory if the like Sum be not paid per Advance by every Boarder at the End of each Half Year. All, therefore, who are in Arrears for Board, are required to diſcharge them by the ſaid 10th of *May*. On Failure, the Boarder ſhall be diſmiſſed from the College until the Accounts againſt him be diſcharged, or recovered by Suit. And after the 10th of *May* next, if Payment for Board in Advance, as above mentioned, be neglected, the Boarder ſhall not be ſuffered to continue in the College for more than one Month after ſuch Neglect, but ſhall, in that Time, be ſent away with his Account, and ſhall not be received again till it be diſcharged.

All Surveyors who have not ſettled with the Burſar of the College, for all their publick and private Surveys ſince the General Court in *April* laſt, are required to ſettle with him before the 10th of *May* next, under the Penalty of being ſuperſeded, and having their Bonds ſued. If among theſe Surveyors there be any from whom Nothing is due to the College, it is demanded of them, under the ſame Penalty, to tranſmit to the Burſar atteſted Declarations of there being Nothing due from them to the College. And, after the 10th of *May* next, if any Surveyor ſhall omit ſending atteſted Accounts or Declarations (as above ſpecified) annually, he ſhall be ſuperſeded, and have his Bond ſued.

That this Advertiſement may not be treated with that Contempt which ſeveral Notices of the like Kind have met with, and that no Body may hereafter plead Want of due Information concerning the Premiſes, this Advertiſement is to be printed weekly in the Gazette until the 10th of *May* next enſuing. By Order of the Preſident and Maſters.

ROBERT MILLER, Burſar.

To be LET *on* LEASE,

A VERY large and commodious HOUSE in the Town of *Peterſburg*, built for a Tavern, and well fitted for that Buſineſs; it is two Stories high, has a Number of very convenient Lodging Rooms, and large and ſmall Rooms for the Entertainment of Gueſts. Any Perſon qualified for the Buſineſs of a Tavern Keeper, with a proper Capital, may find this as advantageous a Situation as any on the Continent. Apply to the Subſcriber, who lives on the Premiſes.

Tf THOMAS EGLETON.

For SALE,

THE LAND whereon I live, in *Middleſex*, containing about two Thouſand two Hundred Acres, in good Order for Cropping, with Orchards and Buildings equal to any in the Colony; alſo thirteen Hundred Acres on the River *Piankatank*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, with a Mill, and good Orchards. The Stocks, which are very large, may be had with the Lands. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to

Tf AUGUSTINE SMITH.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12*ſ.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3*ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Week after.——*** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.